



Signal Generator SME

For digital communication
5 kHz to 1.5/2.2/3/6 GHz

New: 6 GHz

- All types of modulation for mobile radio networks of today and tomorrow
- Generation of frames for TDMA systems
- Enhanced measurement capabilities through optional FM and pulse modulation
- Internal modulation sources: data generator, LF generator, pulse generator



ROHDE & SCHWARZ

Signal Generator SME

Equipped for the digital age

The SME supplies the complex signals required for the development and testing of digital mobile radio receivers. The SME is capable of generating all signals used in the important digital mobile radio networks in line with relevant standards regarding the type of modulation, data format, TDMA structure and frequency hop patterns.

The SME is completely at home also in the analog signal world. Featuring AM, FM, ϕ M and pulse modulation, it covers the entire spectrum of functions provided by conventional signal generators.

The three models SME02, SME03 and SME06 differ essentially in their frequency ranges. Economy Signal Generator SME03E has been designed as an especially economical solution for applications involving digitally modulated signals. Signal Generator SME03A already contains option Fast CPU SM-B50.

Configurable to user's requirements

The SME can be tailored to user's requirements by means of a wide range of options. The variety of options available allows the SME to be configured with the emphasis either on digital modulation or on analog applications or to be expanded into a universal unit.

Overview of digital modulation modes

GMSK

| Bit rate | Filter | Remarks |
|--|-----------------|---|
| 2.4/3.6/4.4/4.8/7.2/8/9.6/14.4/16/19.2/28.8/32/38.4/64/76.8/270.833 Kbit/s | B x T = 0.3/0.5 | GSM, CDPD, DCS1800 (PCN), DSRR, MOBITEK |
| 2.5/3/5/6/10/12/20/24/40/48/80/160/512 Kbit/s | B x T = 0.5 | |
| 8 Kbit/s | B x T = 0.25 | |
| 270.833 Kbit/s | B x T = 0.2 | |
| 1000 Kbit/s *) | B x T = 0.4 | |

GFSK

| Bit rate | Deviation | Filter | Remarks |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| 10.0 to 585 Kbit/s | 14.4 kHz | B x T = 0.7 | |
| 640 to 1170 Kbit/s | 18/20 kHz | B x T = 0.5 | CT2 |
| | 25.2 kHz | B x T = 0.4 | |
| | 160/180/202/259/288/317/403 kHz *) | B x T = 0.5 | CT3, DECT |

FSK

| Bit rate | Deviation | Filter | Remarks |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 0.05 to 90 Kbit/s | 4/4.5 kHz | Gauss B x T = 2.73 | Cityruf, POCSAG |
| | 4.8 kHz | Bessel B x T = 1.22/2.44 | FLEX™ |
| 0.05 to 1900 Kbit/s | 0.01 to 25 (800) kHz **) | OFF | |

4FSK

| Bit rate | Deviation | Filter | Remarks |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| 1.00 to 24.3 Kbit/s | 0.01 to 25 (800) kHz **) | cos 0.2 | APCO25 |
| 27.0 to 48.6 Kbit/s | | $\sqrt{\cos}$ 0.2 | MODACOM |
| | | Bessel B x T = 1.25 | ERMES |
| | | Bessel B x T = 1.22/2.44 | FLEX™ |

FFSK

| Bit rate | Deviation | AF | Remarks |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--|---------|
| 0.05 to 90 Kbit/s | 1.5/2/3/3.5/4/4.5 kHz | AF1 = bit rate AF2 = 1.5 x bit rate | POCSAG |

QPSK, $\pi/4$ -QPSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK ***)

| Bit rate | Filter | Remarks |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1.00 to 24.3 Kbit/s | cos 0.2/0.35/0.4/0.5/0.6 | APCO25, NADC, MSAT, PDC, TETRA, TETS |
| 27.0 to 48.6 Kbit/s | $\sqrt{\cos}$ 0.35/0.4/0.5/0.6 | |

O-QPSK ***)

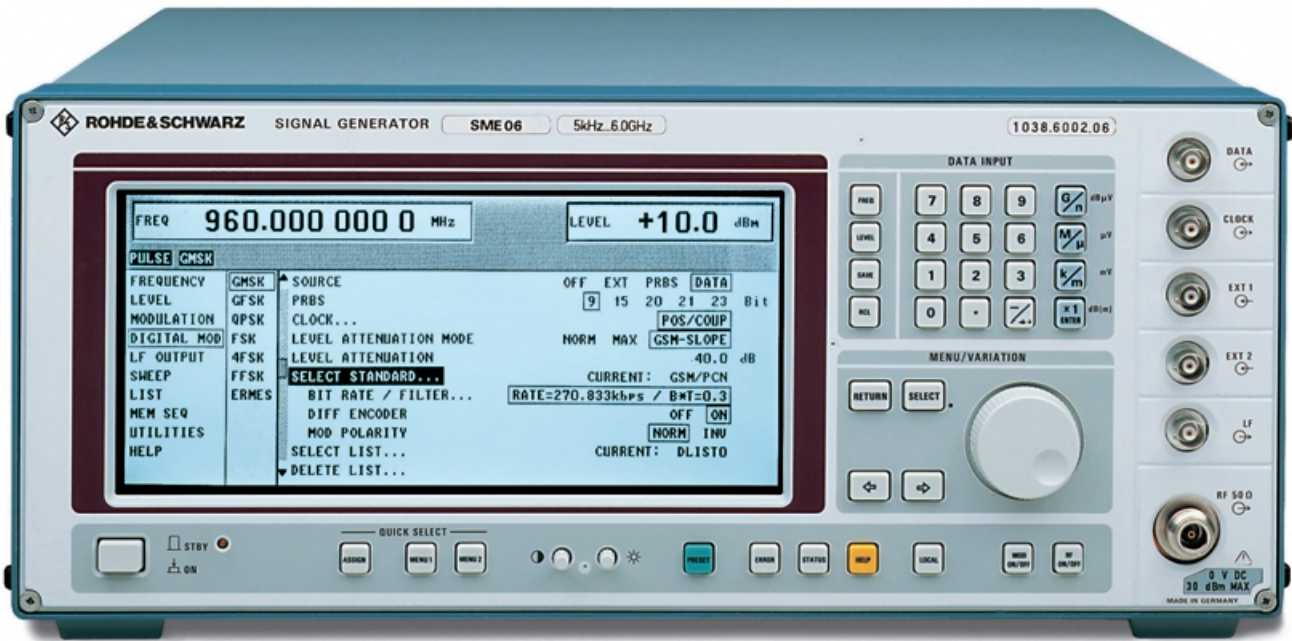
| Bit rate | Filter | Remarks |
|---------------------|-------------------|----------|
| 1.00 to 24.3 Kbit/s | $\sqrt{\cos}$ 0.6 | INMARSAT |
| 27.0 to 48.6 Kbit/s | | |

*) Not possible in frequency range 130 MHz to 187.5 MHz.

**) Maximum deviation dependent on carrier frequency.

***) QPSK not specified for $f > 3$ GHz.

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Features

- All common digital modulation modes provided in one unit
- No external modulation or data sources required
- Generation of paging signals in line with ERMES, FLEX™, FLEX-TD, REFLEX™ and POCSAG standards
- Internal control of frequency hopping and power ramping synchronous with the data signal
- Freely programmable data sequences and TDMA structure
- High spectral purity for out-of-channel measurements
- RF, LF and level sweep
- Memory sequence: programmable measurement sequence for up to 50 complete instrument settings
- List mode: programmable measurement sequence for up to 2000 frequency and level combinations, setting time <500 μs (not SME03E)
- Ultra-low RF leakage for measurements on highly sensitive paging receivers
- Easy to operate

Overview of options

| Designation, function | Option |
|--|-------------------|
| Reference Oscillator OCXO: Aging <1 x 10 ⁻⁹ /day | SM-B1 |
| LF Generator: sinewave, noise 0.1 Hz to 500 kHz, triangular, squarewave 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz | SM-B2 |
| Pulse Modulator: 50 MHz to 1.5/3/6 GHz, on/off ratio >80 dB, rise/fall time <10 ns | SM-B3/SM-B8/SM-B9 |
| Pulse Generator (only with SM-B3, SM-B8 or SM-B9): generates single pulse, delayed pulse and double pulse | SM-B4 |
| FM/φM Modulator: FM DC to 2 MHz, φM DC to 100 kHz | SM-B5 |
| Multifunction Generator: generates stereo multiplex and VOR/ILS signals; sinewave, noise 0.1 Hz to 1 MHz, triangular, sawtooth, squarewave 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz | SM-B6 |
| DM Coder: generates FSK, FFSK, 4FSK, GFSK, GMSK, QPSK, π/4-QPSK, π/4-DQPSK, O-QPSK modulation; freely programmable data sequences and PRBS | SME-B11*) |
| 8-Mbit DM Memory Extension: extends the 8-Kbit memory of the DM coder to 8 Mbit (data only) | SME-B12 |
| FLEX Protocol (only with SM-B11 and SM-B12): generates paging signals in line with FLEX™ and FLEX-TD standards for tests on pagers | SME-B41 |
| POCSAG Protocol (only with SM-B11 and SM-B12): generates paging signals in line with POCSAG standard for tests on pagers | SME-B42 |
| REFLEX™ Protocol (only with SM-B11 and SM-B12): generates paging signals in line with REFLEX™ standard for tests on pagers | SME-B43 |
| Fast CPU: reduces the settling times of frequency and level (frequency: <3 ms, level: <2 ms) | SM-B50**) |
| Rear connectors for RF and AF (replacing front-panel connectors) | SME-B19 |

*) Already included in basic model of SME03E. **) Already included in basic model of SME03A.

Possible combinations of options

The SME options can be freely combined with two exceptions:

- The LF generator (SM-B2) and the multifunction generator (SM-B6) cannot be combined if a pulse modulator (SM-B3, SM-B8 or SM-B9) is fitted.
- The LF generator (SM-B2) can be fitted twice if no pulse modulator (SM-B3, SM-B8 or SM-B9) and no multifunction generator (SM-B6) is fitted.

All modulation modes of mobile radio

Digital modulation

With the DM coder option (included in basic model of SME03E), the SME provides a variety of network-specific digital modulation modes:

| Modulation | Network |
|----------------|--|
| GMSK | GSM, DCS 1800, PCS 1900, CDPD, MC9, DSRR, Mobitex 8000 |
| GFSK | DECT, CT2, CT3 |
| $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | NADC, PDC, TFTS, TETRA, APCO 25 |
| FSK, FFSK | POCSAG, Cityruf |
| 4FSK | ERMES, APCO 25, FLEX™, FLEX-TD |

For a complete overview of digital modulation modes please refer to page 2.

Frequency and phase changes are produced by DDS (direct digital synthesis). The frequency and phase response are therefore synthesizer-accurate.

For varying the modulation spectrum, filters other than the standard ones may be used, eg filters with $B \times T = 0.2, 0.3, 0.5$ for GSM networks. With GFSK modulation for DECT, non-standard deviations may be set to allow receiver tests.

For tests on pagers, SME generates paging signals in line with the ERMES, FLEX™, FLEX-TD and POCSAG standards. All important parameters and messages to be transmitted are freely selectable.

Internal data generator

The data generator supplies freely programmable data signals and PRBS signals in line with CCITT. For PRBS signals, five sequence lengths between 2^9-1 and $2^{23}-1$ are selectable. A list editor greatly facilitates programming. Up to ten data sequences with a total length of 8 kbit can be stored.

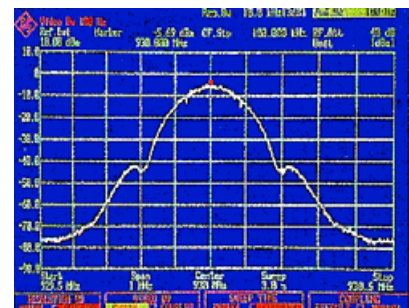
8-Mbit DM memory extension

An extension to the data generator memory is available for all applications requiring much longer data sequences. The 8-Mbit memory permits even BCCH and TCH data sequences to be stored which are needed for propagation measurements in GSM networks. This makes SME ideal as the core of a favourably priced mobile test base station.

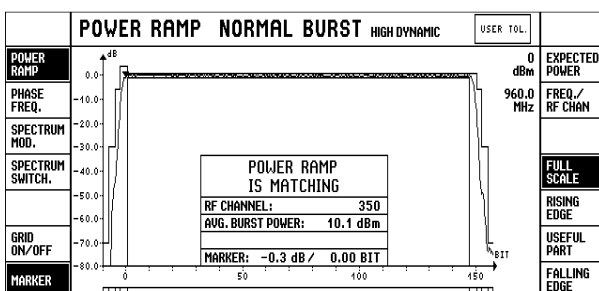
Power ramping and frequency hopping synchronous with the data signal

In addition to the data signal, the data generator supplies a data-synchronous burst and a level switch signal for the generation of TDMA frames.

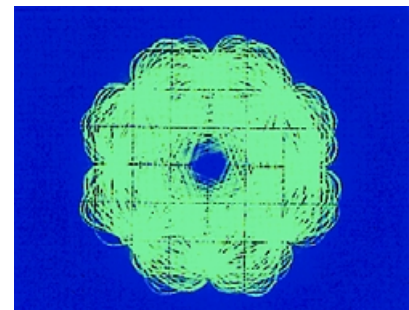
The burst and level switch signals are programmed bit-parallel with the data signal via list entries. The level switch signal controls the AM modulator to produce highly accurate level variations of up to 20 dB (overrange up to 40 dB). Together with a switchable GSM filter and the pulse modulator option, this allows the generation of bursts in line with the GSM standard.



GMSK modulation spectrum



GSM power ramping



$\pi/4$ -DQPSK vector diagram

The burst signal available at a socket serves for controlling frequency changes (<0.5 ms) via the trigger input or fast level changes (>80 dB) via the pulse input.

The internal level switch signal can be replaced by an external logic signal. The signal switches the level in selectable steps with a rise/fall time <10 μs.

Analog modulation

The SME sets new standards in the field of digital modulation – without any restrictions on the analog side. The SME also stands out for its excellent analog characteristics.

Amplitude modulation

The modulation frequency range is DC to 100 kHz. Particularly noteworthy is the extremely low incidental phase modulation with AM, which plays an important role in AM sensitivity tests on FM receivers (RF frequency ≤3 GHz).

Frequency modulation

The modulation frequency range is DC to 2 MHz. The maximum selectable deviation for modulation frequencies above 500 kHz linearly decreases to 25 % at 2 MHz. In the FM DC mode, extremely high carrier frequency accuracy is ensured through the use of a novel control circuit. There is virtually no drift. This characteristic allows the digital signalling of receivers also by means of analog frequency modulation.

Phase modulation

Phase modulation ranges from DC to 100 kHz. This wide span opens up fields of application for which most signal generators do not qualify, for instance tests on phase-sensitive circuits or the generation of PSK modulation with freely selectable phase deviation.

Pulse modulation

Its high-quality pulse modulation, featuring an on/off ratio better than 80 dB and a rise/fall time shorter than 10 ns, make the SME an ideal choice for radar applications. The pulse generator option allows pulsed signals to be produced independent of an external source.

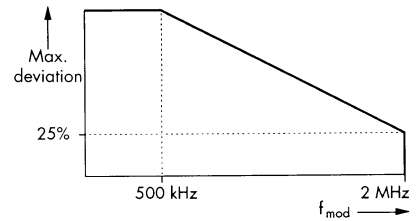
Analog modulation sources

Three optional modulation sources are available in addition to the fixed-frequency LF generator provided as standard:

- LF generator
- Multifunction generator
- Pulse generator

The **LF generator** is a synthesizer up to 500 kHz. In addition to sinewave, squarewave and triangular signals, it also supplies a noise signal. If two LF generators are provided in the unit, multitone signals can be generated internally.

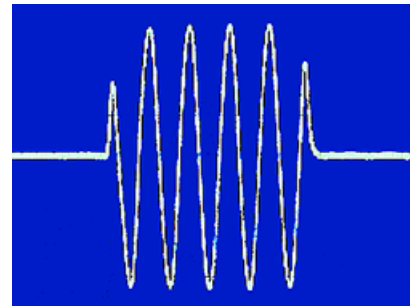
The **multifunction generator** produces sinewave and noise signals up to 1 MHz, triangular, sawtooth and squarewave signals up to 50 kHz



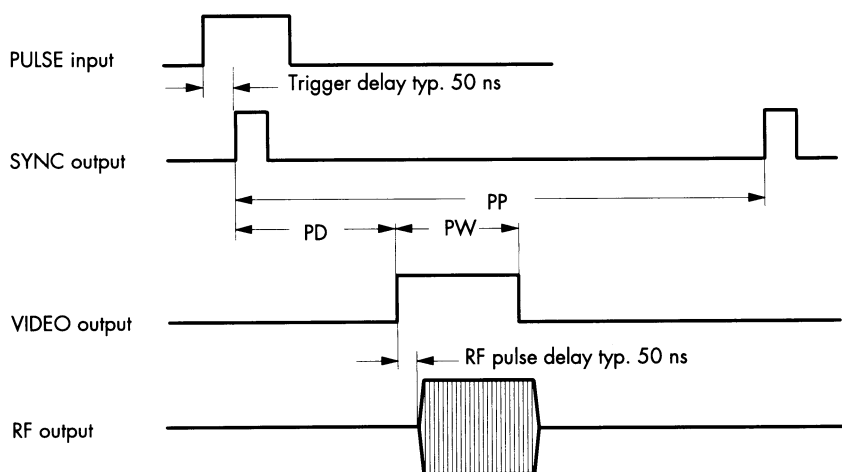
Adjustable progress of max. deviation at FM

and, in addition, stereo multiplex and VOR/ILS modulation signals. The multifunction generator option makes the SME suitable even for highly demanding measurements on FM stereo and navigation receivers.

The **pulse generator** permits the pulse repetition period, pulse width and pulse delay to be set with high accuracy and resolution. Single and double pulses required for radar receiver testing are generated.



Pulse modulation of 50-MHz carrier



The pulse generator option enables the pulse delay PD, pulse width PW and pulse repetition period PP to be set with high accuracy and resolution

State-of-the-art technology ...

Simultaneous modulation

... is required for simulating the complex signals used in modern communications and radar systems. The SME is capable of simultaneous DM, AM, FM (ϕM) and pulse modulation.

On a digitally modulated signal, for example, pulse modulation may be used to generate power bursts synchronous to the data signal in line with the TDMA structure used in today's networks. At the same time, Doppler shifts can be simulated by means of FM DC, and fading superimposed by AM DC.

Of the digital modulation (DM) modes, GMSK, GFSK, FSK, 4FSK, FFSK, QPSK, O-QPSK, $\pi/4$ -QPSK or $\pi/4$ -DQPSK may be selected.

With AM and FM, multitone modulation can be effected either by means of an internal and an external modulation signal or by means of two internal modulation signals (FM only).

| Modulation | AM | FM (ϕM) | Pulse | DM |
|-----------------|----|-----------------|-------|----|
| AM | TT | ● | ● | ● |
| FM (ϕM) | ● | TT | ● | ● |
| Pulse | ● | ● | — | ● |
| DM | ● | ● | ● | — |

Combination of modulation modes (TT = two-tone modulation)

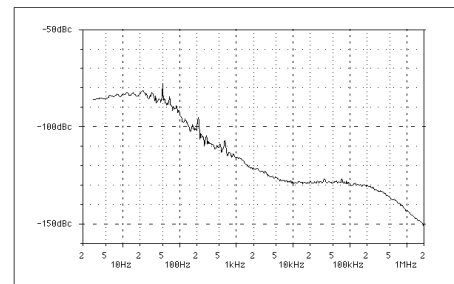
Excellent RF characteristics for unambiguous results

To measure critical receiver characteristics such as sensitivity or adjacent-channel selectivity, exacting demands are made on the spectral purity and level accuracy of the test signal. With respect to these characteristics, the SME ranks among the top units available on the market.

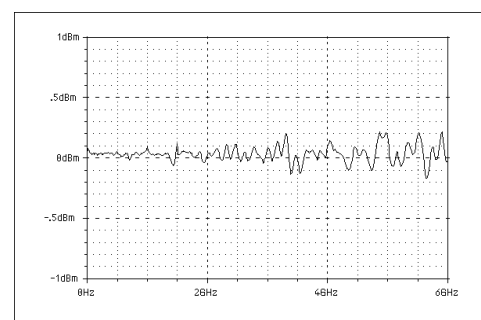
SSB phase noise at 20 kHz from a 1-GHz carrier is -130 dBc; non-harmonic spuria are below -80 dBc. Level setting in the range up to 2 GHz is accurate to 0.5 dB even for extremely small levels down to -127 dBm. Attenuator resettability is 0.01 dB.

Minimum RF leakage

Measurements on high-sensitivity receivers such as radiopagers require signal sources with extremely high RF shielding. Elaborate shielding measures keep radiated interference on the SME to a minimum, ie $<0.1 \mu V$, induced in a two-turn loop 25 mm in diameter in the immediate vicinity of the instrument.



Typical SSB phase noise at 1 GHz (CW)



Typical level frequency response at 0 dBm

... designed for great ease of operation

Low settling times for frequency and level

Today's applications in high volume production or ATE systems with complete test runnings in seconds require lowest frequency and level settling times to be competitive and ensure maximum throughput.

Option SM-B50 (not available for SME03G) reduces these settling times by factor 5 compared to a standard SME. Equipped with this option SME becomes one of the fastest signal generators on the market.

Convenient sweeps by means of list mode

In addition to the standard RF, AF and level sweeps, the SME offers a fast and highly flexible sweep function referred to as list mode (not SME03E). In this mode, frequency and level settings are made by means of values stored in lists which may contain up to 2000 pairs of frequency and level. This mode allows the frequency response of cable connections, amplifiers, TEM cells, etc in EMC measurements to be compensated already in the signal generator. Complicated external level controls or test routines are superfluous.

The setting time in the list mode is below 500 μ s. The list mode may be executed either automatically with presettable dwell time, in single-step operation, or by means of external triggering. The latter allows the control of frequency hopping signals. The modulation settings will not be changed by the list mode, ie this mode can be used with modulated signals of any type.

Useful extra facilities

Memory sequence for automatic sequence control

For standard measurement series and for recurring sequences of different types of single measurements, the memory sequence function affords a convenience otherwise obtained only by means of processor control. Up to 50 instrument settings can be stored in a non-volatile memory. After programming the sequence of measurements and the step time in a list, the sequence can be started.

External triggering

In addition to automatic control, the list mode, memory sequence, RF, LF and level sweep functions may also be triggered by an external signal. This facility enables synchronous operation with other units.

Compensation of external frequency response

The frequency response of external cables can be compensated by entering level correction values for up to 160 frequency points. The correction values for the frequencies between these points are determined by means of interpolation. The frequency response correction will be active in any operating mode, also during sweeps.

A wealth of functions – yet easy to operate

As a rule, the more functions provided in a unit, the more complex the operation. This certainly applies to conventional signal generators with multi-function keys and a variety of special functions.

But not with the SME: operation is extremely easy thanks to a well thought-out operating concept featuring a large LCD display and menu guidance. All parameters and conditions selectable for a specific function are logically arranged in a single display. Looking up functions in a manual is a thing of the past.

The IEC/IEEE bus commands are in line with SCPI guidelines.

Minimum maintenance requirements

Calibration

Calibration of the unit is required every three years at the earliest. Calibration values are loaded via the RS-232-C or the IEC/IEEE-bus interface to ensure frequency and level accuracy to specifications. The unit neither needs to be opened, nor are any mechanical adjustments to be made.

Self-diagnostics

For maintenance and calibration, precise data on the instrument status are needed. Using built-in test equipment, the SME provides these data without any extra equipment required.

Self-test for enhanced reliability

The signal generator status is continuously monitored. The SME signals malfunctions and deviations from nominal values by means of a message on the display.

Built-in test equipment

The signal generator can be fully checked without any extra test equipment required and without opening the unit. There are 80 test points covering all crucial areas in signal generation such as RF signal levels and control circuit monitoring voltages. When a test point is called up via the keyboard or the IEC/IEEE bus, its number and value appear on the display. The source of error can thus easily be identified in the event of a malfunction.

A diagnostic and adjustment program for process controllers compatible with the industry standard (included in Service Kit SM-Z2) enables the automatic evaluation and logging of the instrument status. Adjustments can easily and rapidly be made without any extra test equipment required. During the several days of burn-in following production, the SME is continuously checked through with the aid of this program. This ensures that an extremely reliable instrument tested over the entire temperature range will be supplied to the customer.

Rear panel of SME



Specifications

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Frequency | | |
| Range | SME02 | 5 kHz to 1.5 GHz |
| | SME03E | 5 kHz to 2.2 GHz |
| | SME03 | 5 kHz to 3 GHz |
| | SME03A | 5 kHz to 3 GHz |
| | SME06 | 5 kHz to 6 GHz |
| Underrange (specs not binding) | | down to 1 kHz |
| Resolution | | 0.1 Hz |
| Setting time (to within 1×10^{-7} for $f > 130$ MHz and 73 Hz for $f < 130$ MHz) | | |
| | after IEC/IEEE-bus delimiter | <math>< 10</math> ms |
| | SME03A, SME including option SM-B50 | <math>< 3</math> ms |
| | after trigger pulse in list mode | <math>< 500</math> μ s |
| Phase offset | | adjustable in steps of 1° |
| Reference frequency | Standard | Option SM-B1 |
| Aging (after 30 days of operation) | 1×10^{-6} /year | <math>< 1 \times 10^{-9}</math>/day |
| Temperature effect (0 °C to 55 °C) | 2×10^{-6} | <math>< 5 \times 10^{-8}</math> |
| Warm-up time | — | 10 min |
| Output for internal reference | | |
| Frequency | | 10 MHz |
| Level (EMF, sinewave) | | 1 V_{rms} |
| Source impedance | | 50 Ω |
| Input for external reference | | |
| Frequency | | 1 MHz to 16 MHz in steps of 1 MHz |
| Permissible frequency error | | 3×10^{-6} |
| Input level | | 0.1 V_{rms} to 2 V_{rms} |
| Input impedance | | 200 Ω |
| Electronic tuning (TUNE) | | 1×10^{-7} /V |
| Input voltage range | | 0 V to ± 10 V |
| Input impedance | | 10 k Ω |
| Spectral purity | | |
| Spurious signals | | |
| Harmonics | | |
| level ≤ 10 dBm ¹⁾ | | <math>< -30</math> dBc |
| level without overrange | | <math>< -26</math> dBc |
| Subharmonics | | |
| $f < 1.5$ GHz | | none |
| $f > 1.5$ GHz | | <math>< -40</math> dBc |
| $f > 3$ GHz | | <math>< -34</math> dBc |
| Nonharmonics at >5 kHz from carrier | | |
| $f < 1.5$ GHz | | <math>< -80</math> dBc, <math>< -66</math> dBc for digital modulation |
| $f > 1.5$ GHz | | <math>< -74</math> dBc, <math>< -60</math> dBc for digital modulation |
| $f > 3$ GHz | | <math>< -68</math> dBc, <math>< -54</math> dBc for digital modulation |
| Broadband noise for CW ¹⁾ at >10 MHz from carrier, 1-Hz bandwidth | | |
| $f \leq 3$ GHz | | <math>< -140</math> dBc (typ. <math>< -145</math> dBc) |
| $f > 3$ GHz | | <math>< -134</math> dBc (typ. <math>< -139</math> dBc) |
| SSB phase noise 20 kHz from carrier at 1-Hz bandwidth, FM/ ϕ M deviation <math>< 5\%</math> of maximum deviation | | |
| $f = 6$ GHz | | <math>< -110</math> dBc |
| $f = 3$ GHz | | <math>< -116</math> dBc |
| $f = 2$ GHz | | <math>< -120</math> dBc |
| $f = 1$ GHz | | <math>< -126</math> dBc |
| $f = 500$ MHz | | <math>< -132</math> dBc |
| $f = 250$ MHz | | <math>< -137</math> dBc |
| $f = 125$ MHz | | <math>< -140</math> dBc |
| $f < 93.75$ MHz | | <math>< -129</math> dBc |
| Residual FM, rms ($f = 1$ GHz) | | |
| 0.3 kHz to 3 kHz (CCITT) | | <math>< 1</math> Hz |
| 0.03 kHz to 20 kHz | | <math>< 4</math> Hz |
| Residual AM, rms (0.03 kHz to 20 kHz) ¹⁾ | | <math>< 0.02\%</math> |
| Level | | |
| Range | | -144 dBm to +13 dBm |
| Overrange (specs not binding) | | up to 16 dBm |
| Resolution | | 0.1 dB |
| Total error for levels ≥ -127 dBm ¹⁾ | | |
| $f < 2$ GHz | | <math>< 0.5</math> dB |
| $f > 2$ GHz to 4 GHz | | <math>< 0.9</math> dB |
| $f > 4$ GHz | | <math>< 1.2</math> dB |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Level flatness at 0 dBm ¹⁾ | <math>< 1</math> dB |
| $f \leq 3$ GHz | <math>< 1</math> dB |
| $f > 3$ GHz | <math>< 1.5</math> dB |
| Output impedance | 50 Ω |

| VSWR ¹⁾ | $f \leq 3$ GHz | 3 GHz < $f \leq 5$ GHz | $f > 5$ GHz |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| Level >0 dBm | <math>< 2</math> | <math>< 2</math> | <math>< 2</math> |
| Level >0 dBm and option SM-B9 fitted (SME06) | <math>< 2</math> | <math>< 2</math> | <math>< 2.5</math> |
| Level ≤ 0 dBm | <math>< 1.5</math> | <math>< 2</math> | <math>< 2</math> |

| | |
|--|--|
| Setting time (IEC/IEEE bus) with electronic level setting SME03A, SME including option SM-B50 | <math>< 25</math> ms <math>< 10</math> ms <math>< 2</math> ms |
| Non-interrupting level setting (ATTENUATOR MODE FIXED) | |
| Setting range | 0 dB to 20 dB |
| Rise/fall time | <math>< 10</math> μ s |
| Overvoltage protection | protects the unit from externally applied RF power (50- Ω source) and DC voltages |
| Max. RF power | 50 W (SME02, SME03/A/E) 1 W (SME06) |
| Max. DC voltage | 35 V (SME02, SME03/A/E) 0 V (SME06) |

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Simultaneous modulation | any combination of AM, FM (ϕ M), pulse modulation and DM (DM = FSK, 4FSK, FFSK, GFSK, GMSK or QPSK) |
|--------------------------------|---|

| | |
|---|--|
| Amplitude modulation | |
| Operating modes | internal, external AC/DC |
| Modulation depth | 0 % to 100 % modulation depths meeting AM specifications linearly decrease on increasing the level from 7 dBm to 13 dBm; a status message will be output if the modulation depth is too great |
| Resolution | 0.1 % |
| Setting error at 1 kHz ($m < 80\%$) ¹⁾ | <math>< 4\%</math> of reading $\pm 1\%$ |
| AM distortion at 1 kHz ^{1) 2)} | |
| $m = 30\%$ | <math>< 1\%</math> |
| $m = 80\%$ | <math>< 2\%</math> |
| Modulation frequency range | DC to 100 kHz |
| Modulation frequency response ($m = 60\%$) ¹⁾ | |
| 20 Hz (DC) to 50 kHz | <math>< 1</math> dB, typ. 0.3 dB |
| SME06: | |
| 20 Hz (DC) to 50 kHz | <math>< 1</math> dB ($f \leq 3$ GHz) |
| 20 Hz (DC) to 10 kHz | <math>< 1</math> dB ($f > 3$ GHz) |
| Incidental ϕ M with 30 % AM, AF = 1 kHz | <math>< 0.1</math> rad ($f \leq 3$ GHz) <math>< 1</math> rad ($f > 3$ GHz) |
| EXT1 modulation input | |
| Input impedance | >100 k Ω |
| Input voltage for selected modulation depth | 1 V_p (high/low indication for inaccuracy >3 %) |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Frequency modulation | |
| Operating modes | with option SM-B5 internal, external AC/DC, two tone with two separate channels FM1 and FM2 |
| Max. deviation at carrier frequency | |
| <math>< 130</math> MHz | 500 kHz |
| 130 MHz to 187.5 MHz | 125 kHz |
| 187.5 MHz to 375 MHz | 250 kHz |
| 375 MHz to 750 MHz | 500 kHz |
| 750 MHz to 1500 MHz | 1 MHz |
| 1500 MHz to 3000 MHz | 2 MHz |
| 3000 MHz to 6000 MHz | 4 MHz |

| | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Resolution | <1 %, min. 10 Hz | FSK, FFSK | |
| Setting error at AF = 1 kHz | <3 % of reading + 20 Hz | Shift error (peak) | <1 % |
| FM distortion at AF = 1 kHz and half max. deviation | <0.5 %, typ. 0.05 % | GFSK | |
| Modulation frequency range with maximum deviation | DC to 500 kHz | Shift error (peak) | <7 % |
| at <25 % of maximum deviation | DC to 2 MHz | GMSK | |
| Modulation frequency response | | Modulation phase error rms | <1° |
| 10 Hz (DC) to 100 kHz | <0.5 dB | peak | <3° |
| 10 Hz (DC) to 2 MHz | <3 dB | QPSK | |
| Preemphasis | 50 µs, 75 µs (deviation limited to 25 % of max. value) | Modulation vector error rms ¹⁾²⁾ | <2.5 % (f ≤ 3 GHz) |
| Incidental AM at AF = 1 kHz, f > 1 MHz, deviation = 40 kHz | <0.1 % | DM memory extension | option SME-B12 |
| Stereo modulation at 40 kHz deviation, AF = 1 kHz, f < 125 MHz | | Storage capacity | |
| Stereo separation | >50 dB | 8M x 1 mode (DATA) | 8388480 bit |
| Unweighted S/N ratio (rms) | >76 dB | 1M x 3 mode (DATA, LEV ATT, BURST) | 3 x 1048560 bit |
| Weighted S/N ratio (rms) | >76 dB | TRIGGER input | |
| Distortion | <0.1 % | Input impedance | 47 kΩ |
| Carrier frequency offset with FM | | Pulse width | >100 ns |
| <93.75 MHz | <50 Hz + 1 % of deviation | Level | TTL (HCT) |
| 93.75 MHz to 187.5 MHz | <12.5 Hz + 1 % of deviation | Setup time referred to active CLOCK edge | >700 ns |
| 187.5 MHz to 375 MHz | <25 Hz + 1 % of deviation | FSK modulation | |
| 375 MHz to 750 MHz | <50 Hz + 1 % of deviation | Operating mode | without option SME-B11 external |
| 750 MHz to 1500 MHz | <100 Hz + 1 % of deviation | Maximum shift | 20 % of FM deviation |
| 1500 MHz to 3000 MHz | <200 Hz + 1 % of deviation | Resolution | <0.1 %, min. 0.1 Hz |
| 3000 MHz to 6000 MHz | <400 Hz + 1 % of deviation | Frequency error | <(0.1 Hz + 0.1 % of shift) |
| EXT1, EXT2 modulation inputs | | Bit rate | 0 kHz to 100 kHz |
| Input impedance | >100 kΩ | Pulse modulation | |
| Input voltage for selected deviation | 1 V _P (high/low indication for inaccuracy >3 %), for AF = 10 Hz to 100 kHz | Operating modes | with option SM-B3, SM-B8 or SM-B9 external, internal with Pulse Generator SM-B4 |
| Phase modulation | | Frequency range | 50 MHz to 1.5 GHz (SM-B3) 50 MHz to 3.0 GHz (SM-B8) 50 MHz to 6.0 GHz (SM-B9) |
| Operating modes | with option SM-B5 internal, external AC/DC, two tone with two separate modulation channels φM1 and φM2 | Max. output level | 10 dBm (SM-B3) 9 dBm (SM-B8) 8 dBm (SM-B9) <-30 dBc for levels ≤ 5 dBm |
| Max. deviation at carrier frequency | | Harmonics | >80 dB |
| <130 MHz | 5 rad | On/off ratio | <10 ns |
| 130 MHz to 187.5 MHz | 1.25 rad | Rise/fall time (10/90 %) | 0 MHz to 10 MHz |
| 187.5 MHz to 375 MHz | 2.5 rad | Pulse repetition rate | typ. 50 ns |
| 375 MHz to 750 MHz | 5 rad | Pulse delay | <-30 dBc |
| 750 MHz to 1500 MHz | 10 rad | Video feedthrough | |
| 1500 MHz to 3000 MHz | 20 rad | PULSE modulation input | |
| 3000 MHz to 6000 MHz | 40 rad | Input level | TTL (HCT) |
| Resolution | <1 %, min. 0.001 rad | Input impedance | 50 Ω or 10 kΩ |
| Setting error at AF = 1 kHz | <3 % of reading + 0.01 rad | Internal modulation generator | |
| Distortion at AF = 1 kHz and half max. deviation | <1 % | Frequency | 0.4/1/3/15 kHz ± 3 % |
| Modulation frequency range | DC to 100 kHz | Open-circuit voltage | 1 V _P ± 2 % (R _{out} = 10 Ω, R _L > 200 Ω) |
| Modulation frequency response, 10 Hz (DC) to 100 kHz | <0.5 dB | LF generator | |
| EXT1, EXT2 modulation inputs | | Waveforms | Option SM-B2 sinewave, triangular, squarewave, noise |
| Input impedance | >100 kΩ | Frequency range | |
| Input voltage for selected deviation | 1 V _P (high/low indication for inaccuracy >3 %) | sinewave, noise | 0.1 Hz to 500 kHz |
| Digital modulation | | triangular, squarewave | 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz |
| Modulation modes | with option SME-B11; standard in SME03E | Resolution | 0.1 Hz |
| Operating modes | FSK, 4FSK, FFSK, GFSK, GMSK, QPSK (for overview see page 2) | Frequency error | <1 x 10 ⁻⁴ |
| Internal data generator | internal, external programming of data, level switching and burst output | Frequency response (sinewave) | |
| Storage capacity | 8192 bit, extendable to 8 Mbit with option SME-B12 | up to 100 kHz | <0.3 dB |
| Frequency accuracy | same as for reference frequency | up to 500 kHz | <0.5 dB |
| PRBS (pseudo random bit sequence) | selectable lengths: 2 ⁹ -1, 2 ¹⁵ -1, 2 ²⁰ -1, 2 ²¹ -1 and 2 ²³ -1 | Distortion (20 Hz to 100 kHz) | <0.1 % (level >0.5 V) |
| DATA, CLOCK modulation inputs | | Open-circuit voltage | 1 mV _P to 4 V _P (R _{out} = 10 Ω, R _L > 200 Ω) |
| Permissible dev. from data rate | 1 % | Resolution | 1 mV |
| Input level | TTL (HCT) | Setting error at 1 kHz | 1 % + 1 mV (sinewave) |
| Input impedance (polarity of active clock edge and of modulation deviation can be selected) | 1 kΩ | Frequency setting time | <10 ms (after receipt of last character from IEC/IEEE bus) |
| DATA, CLOCK, BURST modulation outputs | | Multifunction generator | |
| Output level | TTL (HC) | Waveforms | option SM-B6 sinewave, triangular, sawtooth, squarewave, noise, stereo MPX signals, VOR/ILS modulation signals |
| Data setup and hold time referred to CLOCK signal | >50 ns | Frequency range | |
| | | sinewave, noise | 0.1 Hz to 1 MHz |
| | | triangular, sawtooth, squarewave | 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz |
| | | Resolution | 0.1 Hz |
| | | Frequency error | same as for reference frequency |

| | |
|---|---|
| Frequency response (sinewave) up to 100 kHz up to 1 MHz | <0.3 dB <0.5 dB |
| Distortion (20 Hz to 100 kHz) | <0.1 % (level >0.5 V) |
| Open-circuit voltage | 1 mV _P to 4 V _P (R _{out} = 10 Ω, R _L >200 Ω) |
| Resolution | 1 mV |
| Setting error at 1 kHz | 1 % + 1 mV |
| Frequency setting time | <10 ms (after receipt of last character from IEC/IEEE bus) |

Stereo multiplex signal
Stereo operating modes

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| option SM-B6 R, L, R = L, R = -L, ARI (pilot tone or MPX signal can be connected to LF socket) | 0.1 Hz to 15 kHz |
| Frequency range of L, R signal | 50 μs, 75 μs |
| Preemphasis | 19 kHz ±1 Hz |
| Pilot-tone frequency | 0° to 360° |
| Pilot-tone phase | 0.1° |
| Resolution | >60 dB |
| Stereo separation | <0.1 % (L, R = 1 kHz) |
| Distortion | >65 dB |
| Carrier suppression (38 kHz) | |
| Settings selectable for ARI ³⁾ (ARI = broadcast information for motorists) | A, B, C, D, E, F |
| Area identification | |
| Traffic announcement identification | on/off |
| Additional signals (RDS, RDS+ARI) | application via EXT1 input |

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|---|--|
| VOR modulation signal¹⁾ Settings | option SM-B6 30 Hz (VAR, REF)/9.96-kHz FM carrier, FM deviation, COM/ID tone |
| Phase | 0° to 360° |
| Phase resolution | 0.01° |
| Bearing error (RF output, 108 MHz to 118 MHz) | <0.05° |
| FM error (deviation 480 Hz) | <1 Hz |

| | |
|---|---|
| ILS modulation signal¹⁾ Settings | option SM-B6 90-Hz, 150-Hz tone, COM/ID tone, marker beacon |
| DDM setting range | 0 to ±0.8 |
| DDM resolution | 0.0001 |
| DDM error (RF output) | |
| Localizer (108 MHz to 112 MHz) | <0.0004 + 2% of DDM reading |
| Glideslope (329 MHz to 335 MHz) | <0.0008 + 2% of DDM reading |

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|---|--|
| Pulse generator Operating modes | option SM-B4 single pulse, delayed pulse, double pulse |
| Active trigger edge | positive or negative |
| Pulse repetition period | 100 ns to 85 s |
| Resolution | 5-digit, min. 20 ns |
| Accuracy | same as for reference frequency |
| Pulse width | 20 ns to 1 s |
| Resolution | 4-digit, min. 20 ns |
| Accuracy | 5 % of reading ±5 ns |
| Pulse delay | 40 ns to 1 s |
| Resolution | 4-digit, min. 20 ns |
| Accuracy | 5 % of reading -10 ns to +20 ns |
| Double pulse | 60 ns to 1 s |
| Resolution | 4-digit, min. 20 ns |
| Accuracy | 5 % of reading -10 ns to +20 ns |
| Trigger delay | typ. 50 ns |
| PULSE modulation input | |
| Input level | TTL (HCT) |
| Input impedance | 50 Ω or 10 kΩ |
| Sync output | TTL level (HC), 40 ns pulse width |
| Video output | TTL level (HC) |

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|---|--|
| Sweep RF sweep, AF sweep Operating modes | digital, in discrete steps AF sweep with option SM-B2 or -B6 automatic, single-shot, manual or externally triggered, linear or logarithmic |
|---|--|

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|---|--|
| Sweep range and step width (lin) step width (log) Level sweep Operating modes | freely selectable 0.01 % to 100 % automatic, single-shot, manual or externally triggered, logarithmic |
|---|--|

| | |
|--|---|
| Sweep range | 0.1 dB to 20 dB |
| Step width | 0.1 dB to 20 dB |
| Step time | 10 ms to 5 s |
| SME03A, SME including option SM-B50 | 2 ms to 5 s |
| Resolution | 0.1 ms |
| Markers | 3, freely selectable |
| MARKER output signal | TTL/HC logic signal, selectable polarity |
| X output | 0 V to 10 V |
| BLANK output signal | TTL/HC logic signal, selectable polarity |

| | |
|--|--|
| List mode (not SME03E) | frequency and level values can be stored in a list and will be set in an extremely short time; permissible level variation: 20 dB |
| Operating modes | automatic, single-shot, manual, exter- nally triggered |
| Max. number of channels | 2000 |
| SME03A, SME including option SM-B50 | 4000 |
| Step time | 1 ms to 1 s |
| Resolution | 0.1 ms |

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|--|---|
| Memory for instrument settings Storable settings | 50 |
| Memory sequence modes | automatic, single-shot, manual or externally triggered |
| Step time | 50 ms to 60 s |
| Resolution | 1 ms |

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|---------------------------------|--|
| Remote control System | IEC 625 (IEEE 488) |
| Instruction set | SCPI 1993.0 |
| Connector | 24-contact Amphenol |
| IEC/IEEE-bus address | 0 to 30 |
| Interface functions | SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP1, DC1, DT1, C0 |

General data

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Power supply | 90 V to 132 V/180 V to 265 V (AC), 47 Hz to 440 Hz, autoselecting to AC voltage, max. 300 VA, safety class I to VDE 0411 (IEC 348) |
|---------------------|---|

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|---|--|
| Electromagnetic compatibility Standards met | German Postal Decree 243/1991, EN 55011 (VDE 0875 T11), class B VDE 0875, interference suppression level K, MIL-STD 461 B - RE 02 radiated emissions - CE 03 conducted emissions - CS 01/02 conducted susceptibility |
| RF leakage (f < 1 GHz) | <0.1 μV (induced in a two-turn loop 25 mm in dia at a distance of 25 mm from any surface of the enclosure) |
| Radiated susceptibility | 10 V/m |

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|--|-----------------------------|
| Ambient conditions Operating temperature range | 0 °C to 55 °C ⁴⁾ |
| Storage temperature range | -40 °C to +70 °C |
| Humidity | DIN IEC 68-2-30, +40 °C |

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Mechanical stress Shock | to MIL-STD 810 D, 40 g shock spectrum to DIN IEC 68-2-6, 5 Hz to 55 Hz |
| Vibration, sinewave | 10 m/s ² rms, 10 Hz to 300 Hz |
| Vibration, noise | |

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|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Dimensions (W x H x D) | 435 mm x 192 mm x 460 mm |
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| Weight | 25 kg for fully equipped unit |
|---------------|-------------------------------|



Ordering information

Order designations

| | | |
|------------------|--------|--------------|
| Signal Generator | SME02 | 1038.6002.02 |
| | SME03 | 1038.6002.03 |
| | SME03A | 1038.6002.53 |
| | SME03E | 1038.6002.13 |
| | SME06 | 1038.6002.06 |

Accessories supplied

power cable, operating manual

Options

(for possible combinations see page 3)

| | | |
|---|---------|--------------|
| Reference Oscillator OCXO | SM-B1 | 1036.7599.02 |
| LF Generator | SM-B2 | 1036.7947.02 |
| Pulse Modulator for SME02 ⁵⁾ | SM-B3 | 1036.6340.02 |
| SME03/A/E ⁵⁾ | SM-B8 | 1036.6805.02 |
| SME06 ⁵⁾ | SM-B9 | 1039.5100.02 |
| Pulse Generator (only with option SM-B3, SM-B8 or SM-B9) | SM-B4 | 1036.9310.02 |
| FM/φM Modulator | SM-B5 | 1036.8489.02 |
| Multifunction Generator | SM-B6 | 1036.7760.02 |
| DM Coder | SME-B11 | 1036.8720.02 |
| DM Memory Extension (8 Mbit) | SME-B12 | 1039.4090.02 |
| FLEX Protocol | SME-B41 | 1039.5645.02 |
| POCSAG Protocol | SME-B42 | 1039.5745.02 |
| REFLEX™ Protocol | SME-B43 | 1039.5797.02 |
| Fast CPU | SM-B50 | 1104.8410.02 |
| Rear Connectors for RF and AF | SME-B19 | 1039.3907.02 |

Recommended extras

| | | |
|--------------------|---------|--------------|
| 19" Rack Adapter | ZZA-94 | 0396.4905.00 |
| Service Kit | SM-Z2 | 1039.3520.02 |
| Trolley | ZZK-1 | 1014.0510.00 |
| Transit Case | ZZK-944 | 1013.9366.00 |
| SME Service Manual | | 1039.1856.24 |

- 1) Does not apply to non-interrupting level setting (ATTENUATOR MODE FIXED and USER CORR).
- 2) Applies to levels ≤ 7 dBm.
- 3) In the ARI mode, L = R = OFF.
- 4) Contrast of LCD display degraded at high temperatures.
- 5) Retrofit by authorized service centers only.



ROHDE & SCHWARZ